

LIQ1 – Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR)

Introduction

The Liquidity Coverage Ratio (LCR) is a minimum standard set by Basel III, to promote short-term resilience of a bank's liquidity risk profile by ensuring that it has sufficient High Quality Liquid Assets (HQLA) to overcome total expected cash outflows minus total expected cash inflows as per SAMA / Basel specified stress scenarios for the subsequent 30 calendar days.

The LCR report for SAIB is prepared in accordance with the public/ market disclosure requirements and guidelines with respect to the Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosure Standards as published by the Saudi Central Bank (SAMA) in August 2014. The purpose of this document is to disclose both qualitative and quantitative information regarding The Saudi Investment Bank's (SAIB or the Bank) liquidity position, LCR results and internal liquidity risk measurement and management processes.

Governance Framework and Liquidity Management

The Bank's Board of Directors has the overall responsibility for liquidity risk management by ensuring that the Bank's risk exposures are maintained at or above the minimum levels. To this end, it has established an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Bank's funding and liquidity management requirements. Further, the Bank maintains a Contingency Funding Plan (CFP) which identifies a diversified set of readily available and deployable potential Contingency Funding (CF) resources under crisis situations.

Senior Management monitors the information on the Bank's liquidity needs and market developments on a daily basis, and the Asset Liability Committee ALCO reviews the results on a monthly basis. The management of the Bank's liquidity management is further delegated to the Treasury group to ensure the Bank's liquidity positions are maintained according to the policy and laid down limits. The Bank seeks to hold sufficient unencumbered high quality liquid assets to ensure compliance with the minimum LCR requirements and has set internal triggers to provide timely escalation to ensure mitigating actions are taken.

Qualitative Disclosures for LCR as of March 31, 2021

The 90 days' average LCR (as provided on the next page) has decreased from 212.94 % as of December 31, 2020 to 202.03% as of March 31, 2021. The total net cash outflows decreased marginally from SAR 7.9 billion to SAR 7.8 billion from previous quarter as net inflows increased from SAR 12.77 billion to SAR 13.23 billion while the HQLAs decreased from SAR 16.9 billion to SAR 15.9 billion which led to a net decrease in LCR by 10.91% and thus the final LCR was maintained well above regulatory minimum requirement of 100%.

Table LIQ1: Liquidity Coverage Ratio Disclosure Template		(a) TOTAL UNWEIGHTED VALUE (average)	(b) TOTAL WEIGHTED VALUE (average)
HIGH-QUALITY LIQUID ASSETS			SAR (000)
1	Total high-quality liquid assets (HQLA)		15,920,778
CASH OUTFLOWS			
2	Retail deposits and deposits from small business customers, of which:		
3	<i>Stable deposits</i>		
4	<i>Less stable deposits</i>	20,930,998	2,043,638
5	Unsecured wholesale funding, of which:		
6	<i>Operational deposits (all counterparties) and deposits in networks of cooperative banks</i>	-	-
7	<i>Non-operational deposits (all counterparties)</i>	24,194,114	9,314,016
8	<i>Unsecured debt</i>	-	-
9	Secured wholesale funding		
10	Additional requirements, of which:		
11	<i>Outflows related to derivative exposures and other collateral requirements</i>	2,888,221	743,202
12	<i>Outflows related to loss of funding on debt products</i>		
13	<i>Credit and liquidity facilities</i>	11,362,155	1,136,216
14	Other contractual funding obligations		
15	Other contingent funding obligations		
16	TOTAL CASH OUTFLOWS		13,237,071
CASH INFLOWS			
17	Secured lending (eg reverse repos)		
18	Inflows from fully performing exposures	7,404,857	5,356,853
19	Other cash inflows		
20	TOTAL CASH INFLOWS		5,356,853
			(c) TOTAL ADJUSTED VALUE
21	TOTAL HQLA		15,920,778
22	TOTAL NET CASH OUTFLOWS		7,880,219
23	LIQUIDITY COVERAGE RATIO (%)		202.03%